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Kadaltilla Adelaide Park Lands Authority









SPECIAL BOARD MEETING MINUTES

Thursday, 6 June 2024 Colonel Light Room, Adelaide Town Hall

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Kadaltilla / Adelaide Park Lands Authority

Special Board Meeting Minutes, Thursday, 6 June 2024, at 5.00 pm Colonel Light Room, Adelaide Town Hall

Present:

Presiding Member The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Dr Jane Lomax-Smith

Board Members Allison Bretones

Ashley Halliday Justyna Jochym Craig Wilkins Ben Willsmore

Professor Emeritus Damien Mugavin (proxy for Stephanie Johnston)
Councillor Henry Davis (proxy for Deputy Lord Mayor, Councillor Keiran

Snape)

1 Welcome and Opening

1.1 Acknowledgement of Country

1.2 Apologies

Deputy Presiding Member - Elinor Walker

Board Member - Stephanie Johnston

Mitzi Nam

Deputy Lord Mayor, Councillor Keiran Snape

2 Conflict of Interest

Nil

3 Items for Board Discussion

3.1 Workshop - Bringing Back Platypus

Chris Daniels, Chair Green Adelaide, addressed Kadaltilla Members.

Discussion ensued during which:

- Chris Daniels responded to questions
- Craig Wilkins left the meeting at 5.49 pm

The PowerPoint presentation is attached for reference at the conclusion of the Minutes of this meeting.

Closure

The meeting closed at 5.57 pm

The Lord Mayor, Dr Jane Lomax-Smith

Presiding Member

Kadaltilla / Adelaide Park Lands Authority

Documents Attached:

Item 3.1 - Workshop – Bringing Back Platypus – PowerPoint presentation

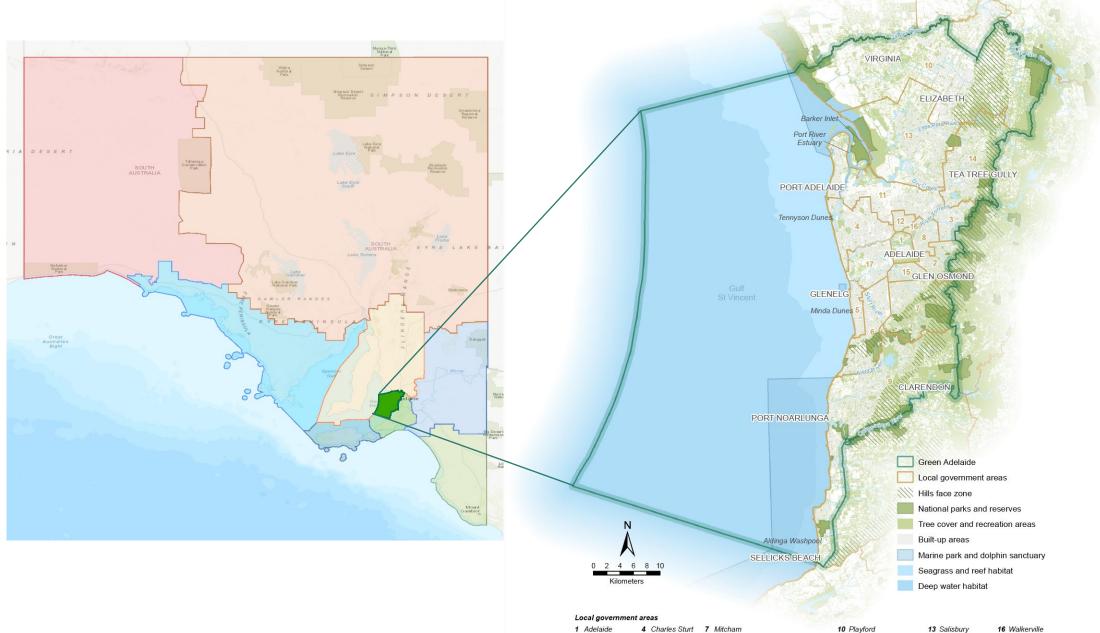
Kadaltilla / Adelaide Park Lands Authority - Minutes - Thursday, 6 June 2024

Chris Daniels Chair Green Adelaide

Presentation to Kadaltilla Adelaide Park Lands Authority







2 Burnside

3 Campbelltown 6 Marion

5 Holdfast Bay 8 Norwood Payneham and St Peters

9 Onkaparinga



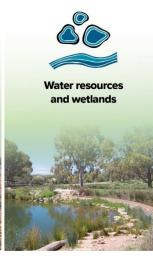
11 Port Adelaide Enfield

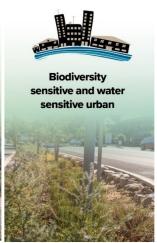
12 Prospect

14 Tea Tree Gully 17 West Torrens

15 Unley

















"A cooler, greener, wilder and climate resilient Adelaide that celebrates our unique culture"



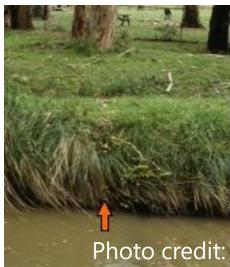
Kardalta Tarntanya

Illustration by Allan Sumner



Platypus









- Semi-aquatic Monotreme
- Veg nest
- Undercut, concealed
- Forage in water

- 1-3 eggs and Altricial Puggles
- Incubated in nesting burrow
- Young Emerge in summer









Credit: Hobart Rivulet Platypus

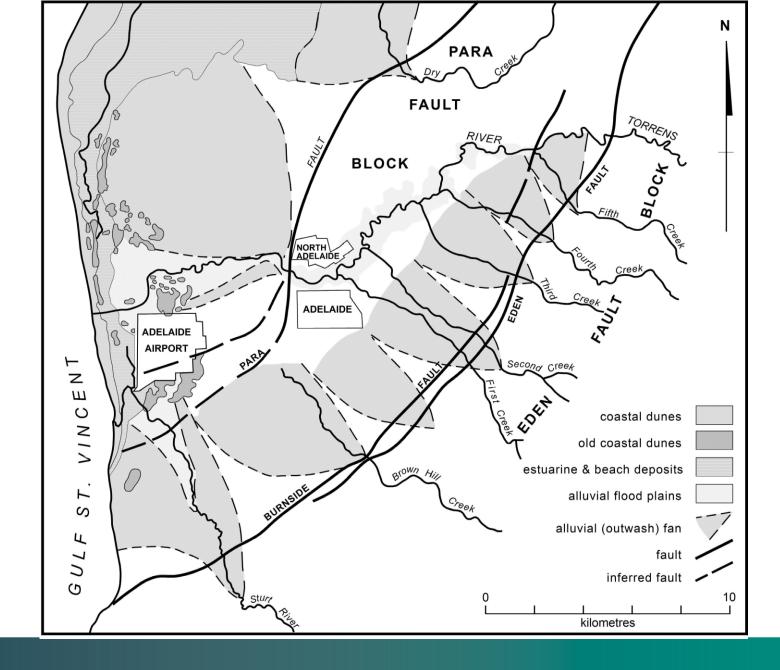


A Brief (Un)Natural History of the River Torrens









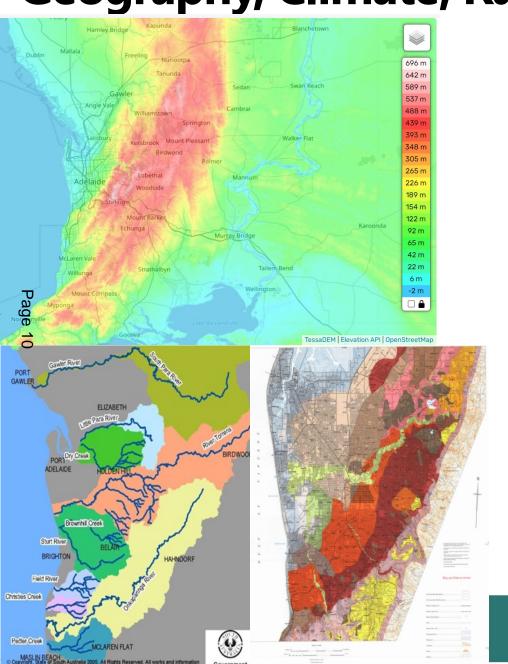
First to Fifth Creeks, with First being the closest to Adelaide's city-centre and the rest numbered consecutively eastward, were originally named **Greenhill**, **Hallett**, **Todd**, **Anstey and Ormsley rivulets respectively**. They flow vigorously in winter and spring but

are otherwise dry, except for small flows in limited areas upstream.

Moriatta" a <u>Kaurna</u> word meaning "ever flowing" is now the official name of Fourth Creek.

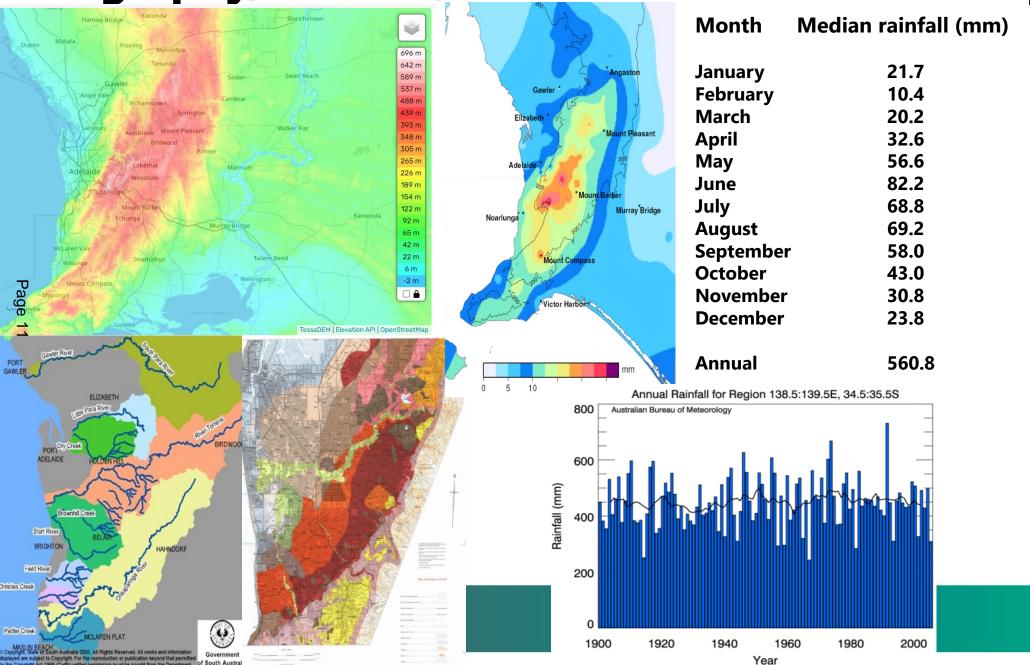


Geography, Climate, Rainfall and Resultant Ecosystems

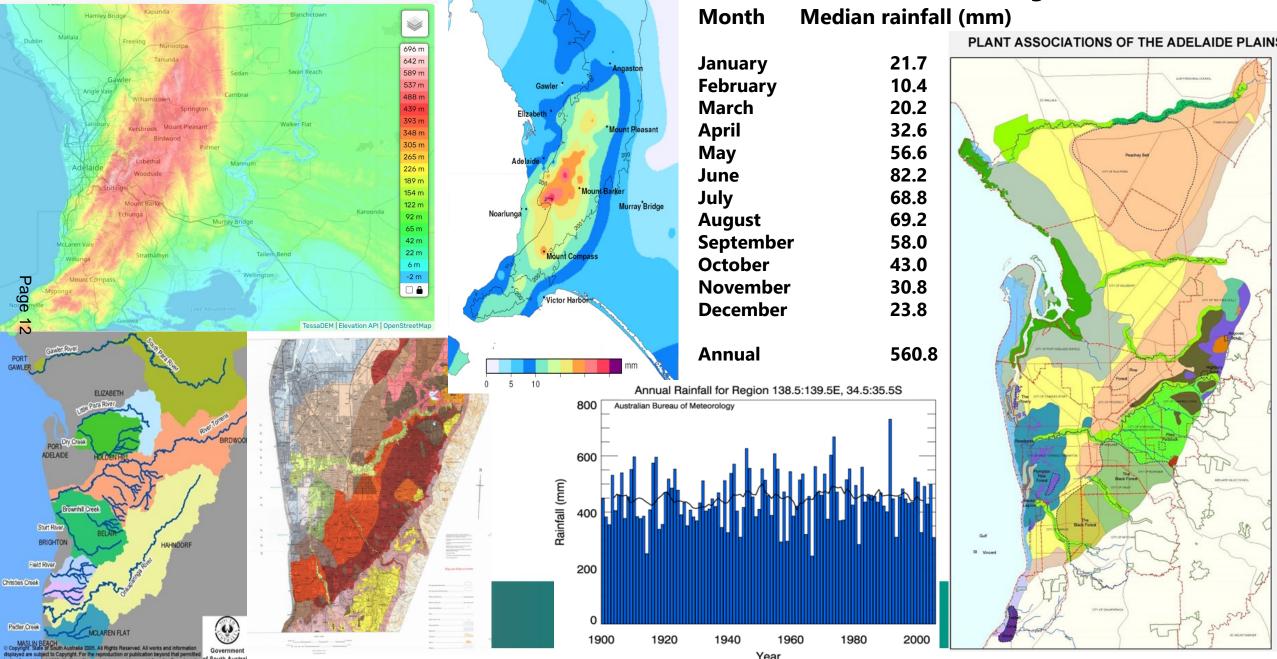




Geography, Climate, Rainfall and Resultant Ecosystems

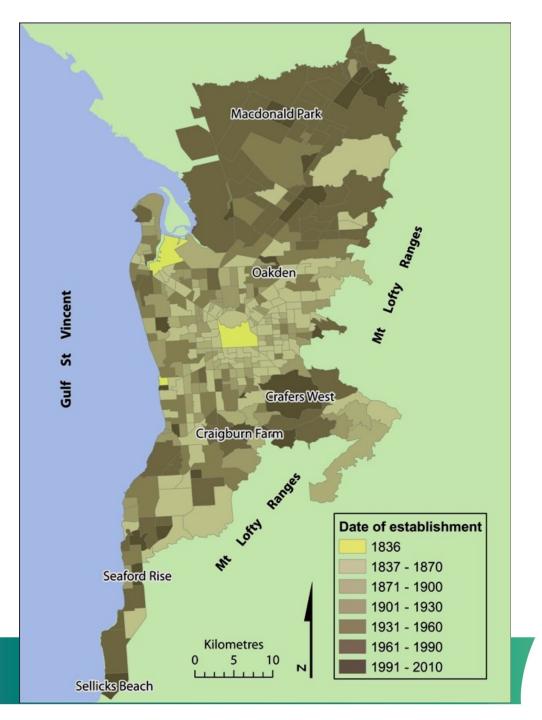


Geography, Climate, Rainfall and Resultant Ecosystems



The growth of Adelaide's suburbs

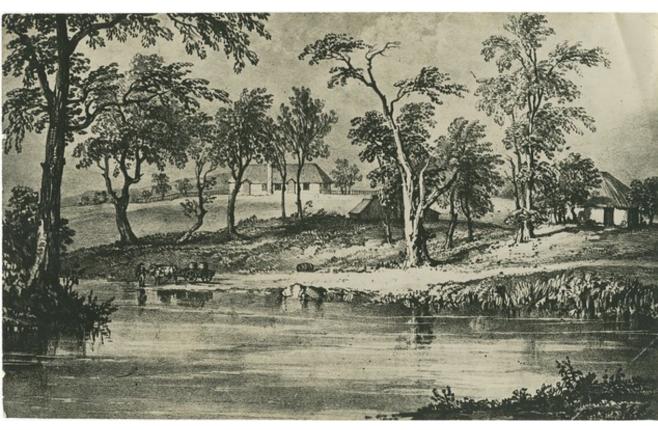
- Over 80% of South Australia's population
- Adelaide now houses almost 1.5 million people





The Torrens River in 1840

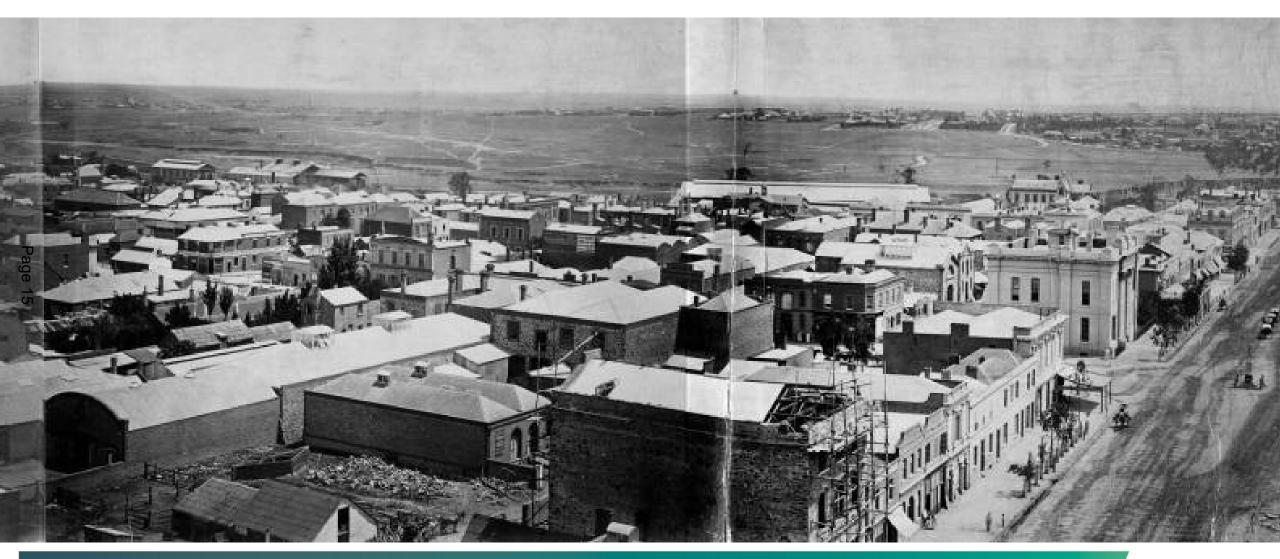




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Changes at Settlement





Karrawirra Parri/River Torrens, ca. 1880





SOUTH FLUERALIAN GOMPANY'S INCL. ON THE BORRENS.



• Thorndon Park

- 1859
- Hope Valley
- 1872,
- 28,400 MegaL
- Millbrook
- 1918,
- 16,500 MegaL
- Kangaroo Creek Reservoir
- 1969, 24,400 MegaL

Reconstructing the River





Torrens Weir, Lake and Torrens Bridges



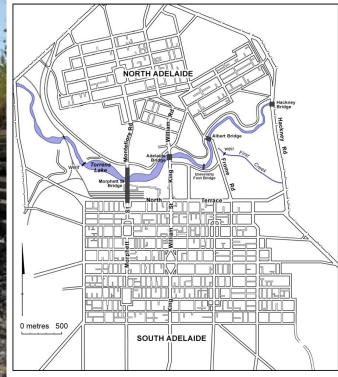


Figure 6: Torrens Lake and City of Adelaide bridges









Managing Flooding--Breakout Creek

- Metropolitan Drainage Act, 1933 -- an outlet for the river be created covering a 1 in 60 year flood.
- 1935 1938, the construction of a new, concrete lined channel (called *Breakout Creek*)
- 3.5 km through the Reedbeds and coastal dunes to the sea.





Draining the reedbeeds from 1930's



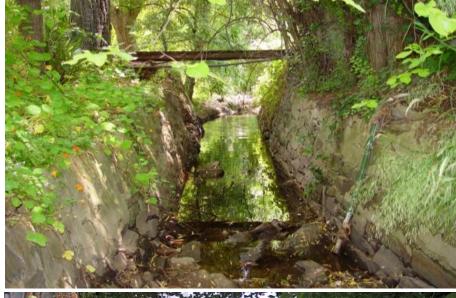






Turning Creeks into Drains











- 1. ALGAE AND DUCK WEED
- 2. HEAVY METALS
- 3. E. COLI AND DISEASE ORGANISMS
- 4. HUMAN AND VEGETATIVE POLLUTION



Algal bloom prompts Torrens closure

Posted January 20, 2012 13:54:56

The River Torrens has been closed to some river users from Hackney Road to the Adelaide weir because of an increase in blue-green algae.

The water is now off limits to rowers and paddleboats but Popeye cruises and the Adelaide Gondola will continue to operate.

The Adelaide City Council made the decision and says the increase in algae has been caused by hot and dry weather.

Water quality tests will be carried out on Monday, with results to be known by Wednesday.

SA Health says toxins released by blue-green algae can cause skin irritations, gastroenteritis and damage to the liver and nervous system.

The Torrens Lake is routinely closed because of algal



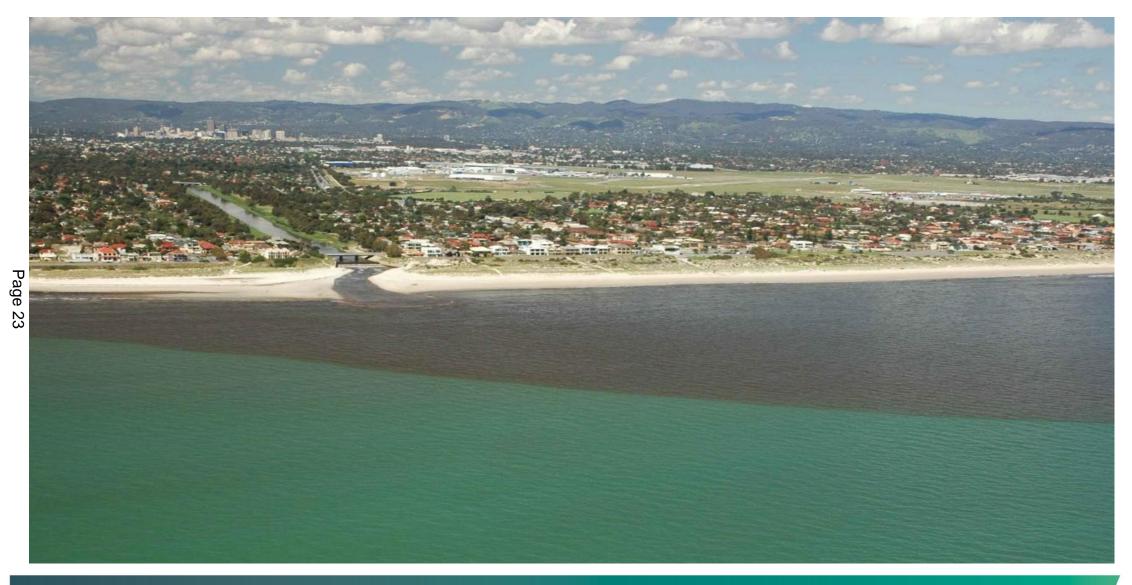
PHOTO: Signs warning people not to touch the water will be put up along the bank (Emma Rodgers: ABC)

MAP: Adelaide 5000











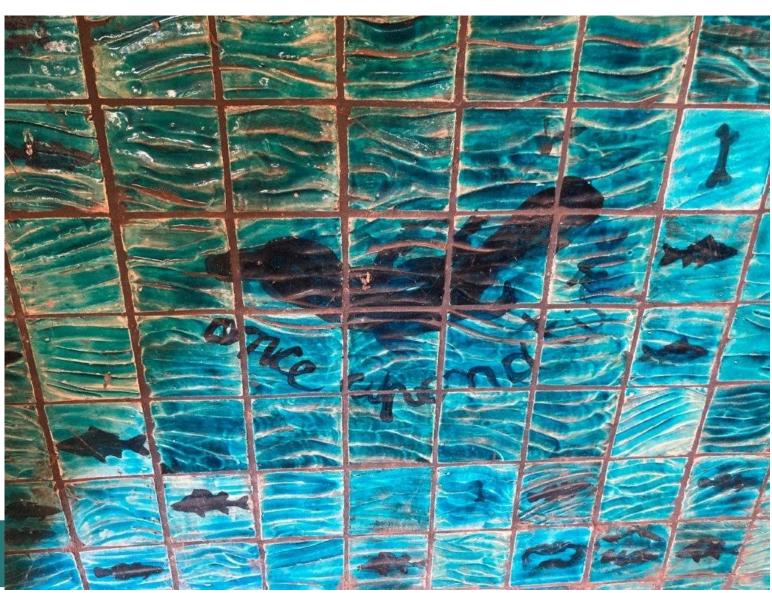
Degraded banks poisoned water introduction of feral plants and animals led to the loss of Aboriginal people and biodiversity

...anything in the guise of a river more ugly than the Torrens would be impossible to either see or describe... —

Anthony Trollope prior to 1880









Torrens Linear Park 1979 - 1997

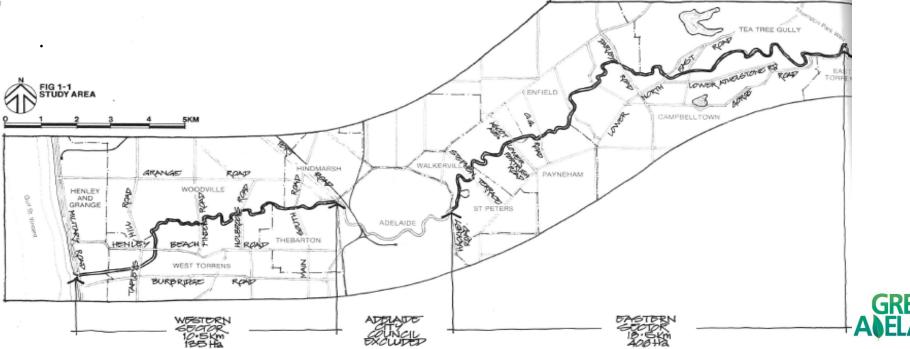
unique and remarkable in many ways

reduces potential major flood problems,

30 km of the River Torrens from the Adelaide Hills to the coast involves innovative low cost flood mitigation measures

a major conservation and recreation project

restores the existing man-modified river to what will appear to be a natural water-way;

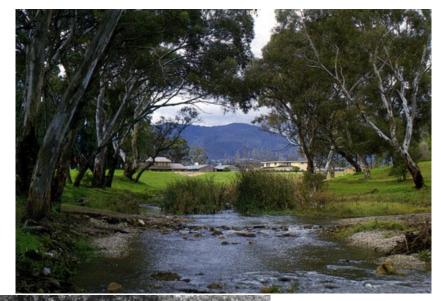


Why revegetate the Linear Park?

Amenity

Ecosystem Services









The River as a Living Catchment --- Types of ecological restoration

ECOLOGICAL RESTORATION OPTIONS

(returning a landscape, in some measure, to a pre-existing ecological state)

REHABILITATION		RECONSTRUCTION	
(help for recovery)		(making anew)	
Repair	Reintroduction	Replication	Replacement
Repairing	Reintroducing	Replicating	Replacing
damage to	original elements	the form and	some elements of
an existing	of an existing	function	the form and function
native landscape	native	of a pre-existing native landscape	of a pre-existing native landscape
(mainly by removal of damaging intrusions	or relict	using	using
and impacts)	landscape	indigenous	indigenous or
		materials	introduced materials

Level of Ecological Integrity Before Restoration

High Low

Level of Ecological Artificiality after Restoration

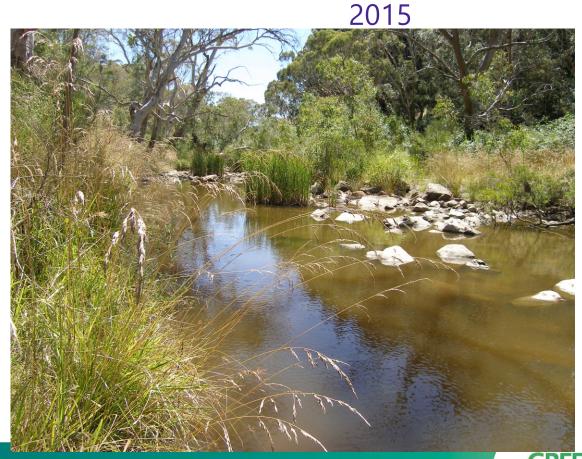
ADELAII

Focussed regenerated sites

St Peters Billabong, Tullya Wodli, Adelaide Zoo Precinct, Botanic Gardens, Breakout Creek 1-3

Tullya Wodli





Breakout Creek Stage 1 Revegetation



- •TOP Breakout Creek immediately before construction commenced in Feb 2009
- •BOTTOM Breakout Creek Jan 2011





Breakout Creek Stage 2 From To







Breakout Creek (Purruna Pari) Stage 3

From To





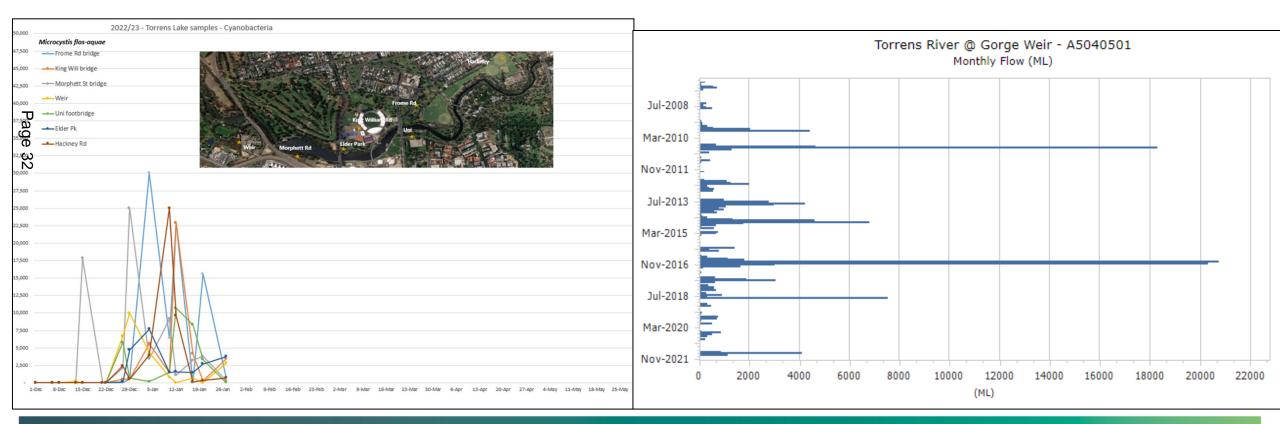


Managing Cyanobacteria – No blooms since 2012

Example of cyanobacteria concentration data used as

part of the dilution flow decision making process

Monthly flow data at Gorge Weir dilution flow is usually 130 ML per day over three days



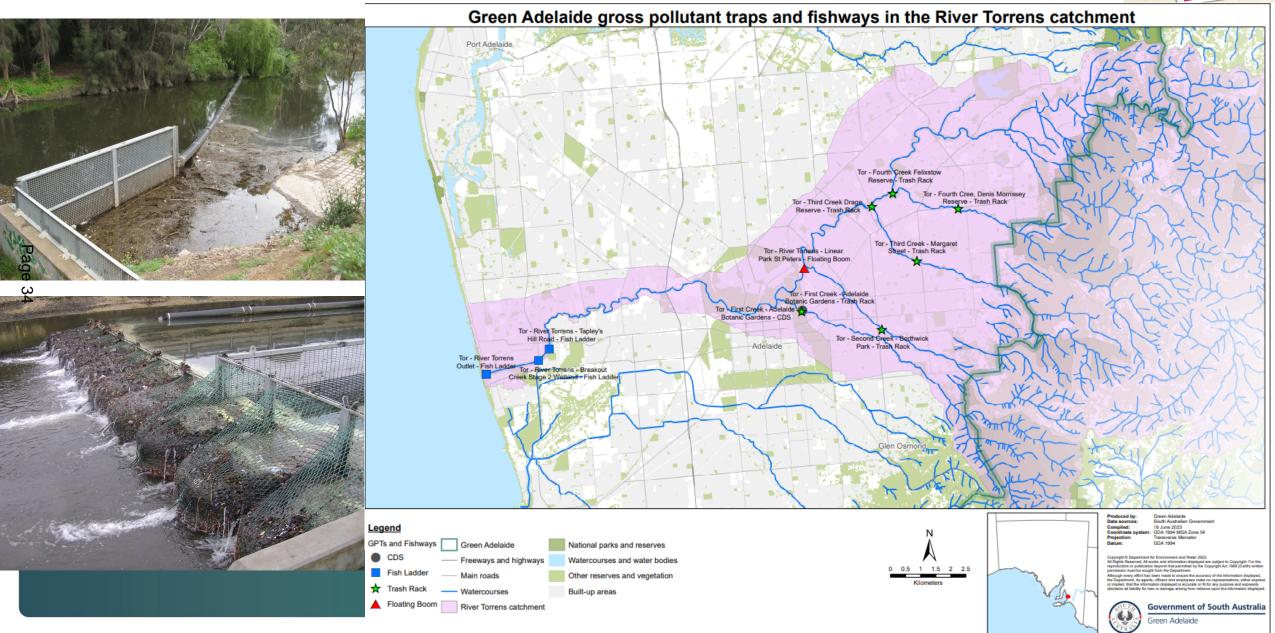






Collection of pollutants using booms, GPTs and sediment traps 95% of gross pollutants are organic (leaves etc)







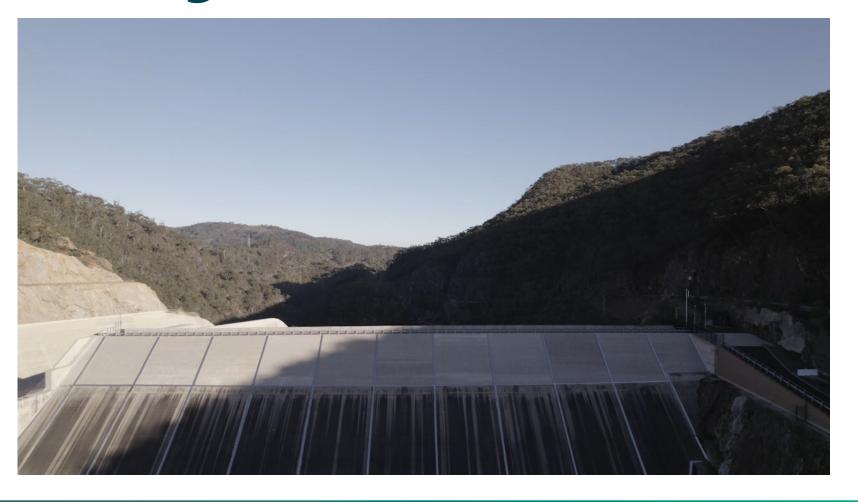








Drone Footage





- The last 20 years have seen a massive improvement in an extra-ordinarily difficult ecosystem to manage, made worse by 150 years of piecemeal and destructive human actions
- What do we want from the River Torrens in 2024?
- NOT A return to its "Natural" (pre 1836) condition
- BUT A River with
- 1: High provision of Ecosystem services to the region(s)
- 2: High Amenity Value for the community
- 3: A reliable water source for the community(ies)
- 4: A Biodiversity hotspot and green-link between ecosystems
- 5: A quality estuary and limited impact on Marine Ecosystems



Why platypus? An Apex Animal in a riparian system







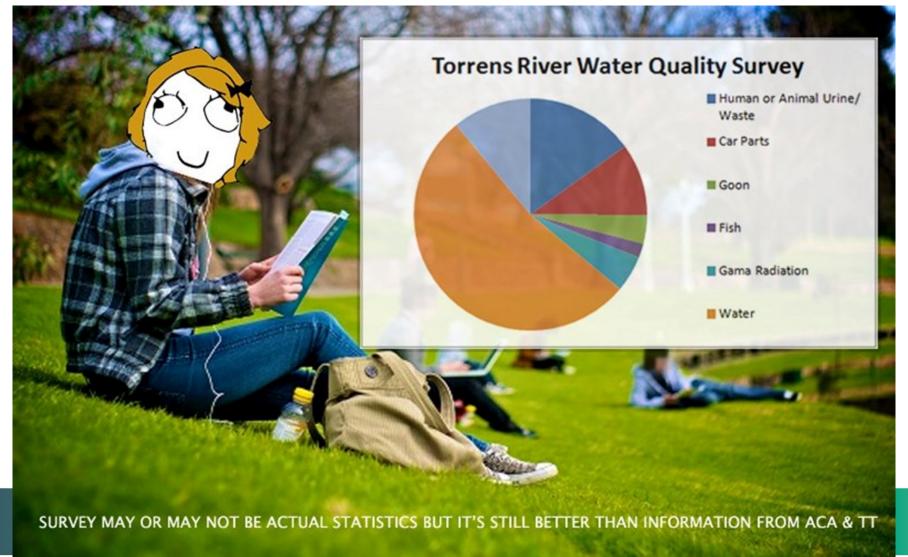








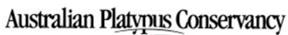
AND..... to Deal with The Big Issue: Community engagement and recognition





- Food
 - Macroinvertebrates
- Water
 - Flows
- Habitat
 - Predators
 - Safety from Predators
 - Locations for Burrows
 - Locations requiring ongoing work











Water Flow

- Low flow and cease to flow periods
- Development of hydraulic model
- Simulation analysis flow-habitat
- Partner with SA Water









Platypus safety and burrows

- Analysis of potential predators
- –foxes, cats, dogs, Water rats
- Amount of 'loop' litter
- Barrier considerations, ie weir walls
- Vegetation priorities
- Weeding priorities (e.g. bullrushes)
- Creation of Safe Havens

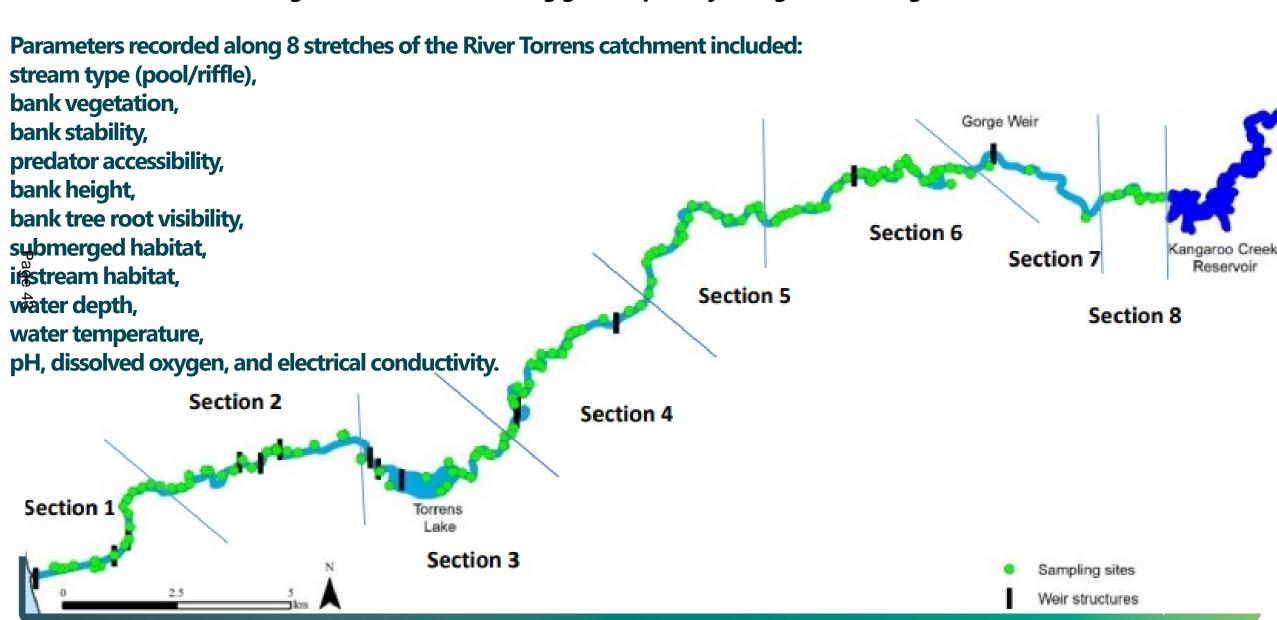






Habitat

The river was divided into eight sections that reflecting geomorphic, hydrologic and management differences













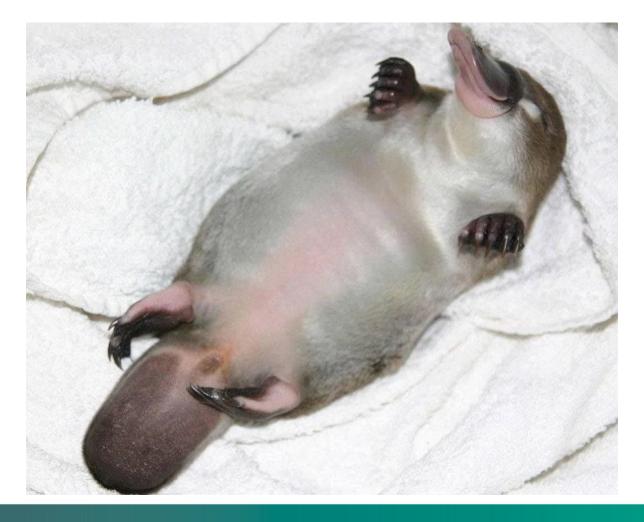
Creating a Plan for Reintroduction 2024-2026

- Translocation proposal
 - The species Translocation type Why it's necessary Objectives Risk Management Key people, their roles and responsibilities Where Methods Timeline
 - Risk management and quality control step Ensure project is scientifically sound, and technically feasible
- Source Animals (Genetics)
- Permits, Ethics and Endorsements
- Collect Animals
- Select Locations and Timing for Release
- Staff Training
- Create Citizen Science Groups
- Monitoring Platypus Health and Wellbeing
- Engaging Kaurna and other Aboriginal Groups
- Creating Safe Havens
- Obtain Corporate and Private Funding
- River Governance and Org/Govt Collaborations
- Communications and Engagement
- Disaster management



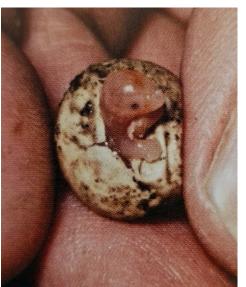


Questions?



Platypus



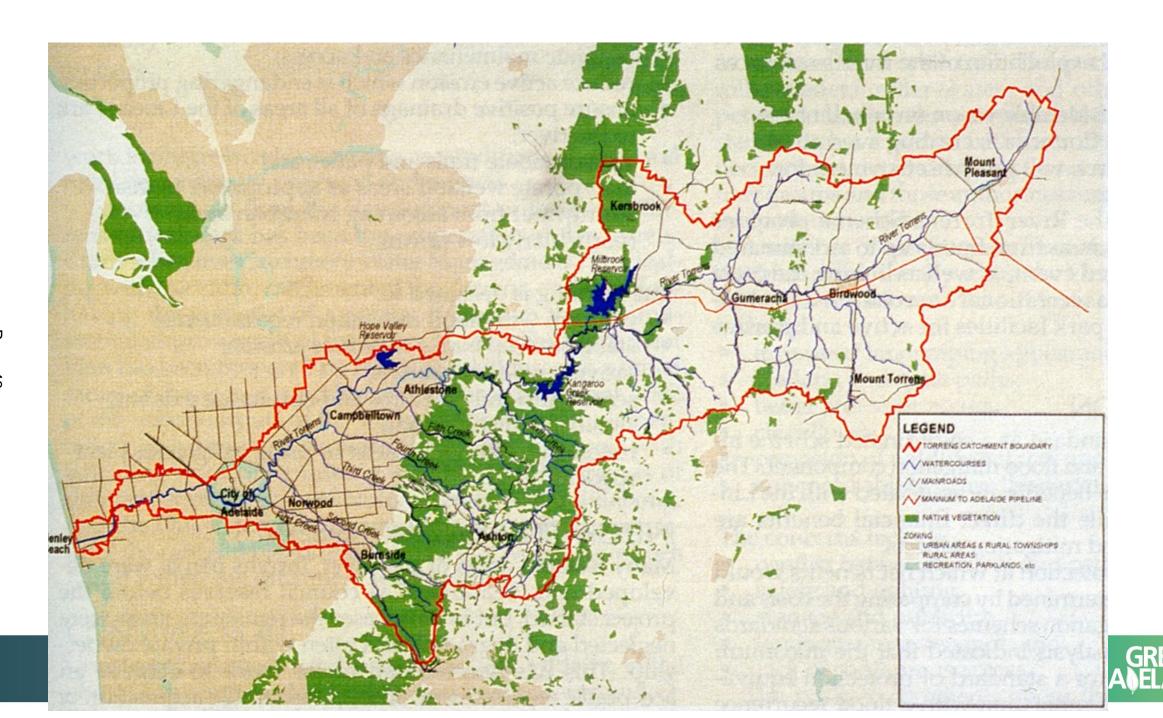






- Monotreme
- 1-3 eggs
- Incubated in nesting burrow
- Altricial
- Emerge in summer





...anything in the guise of a river more ugly than the Torrens would be impossible to either see or describe... —<u>Anthony Trollope</u> prior to 1880





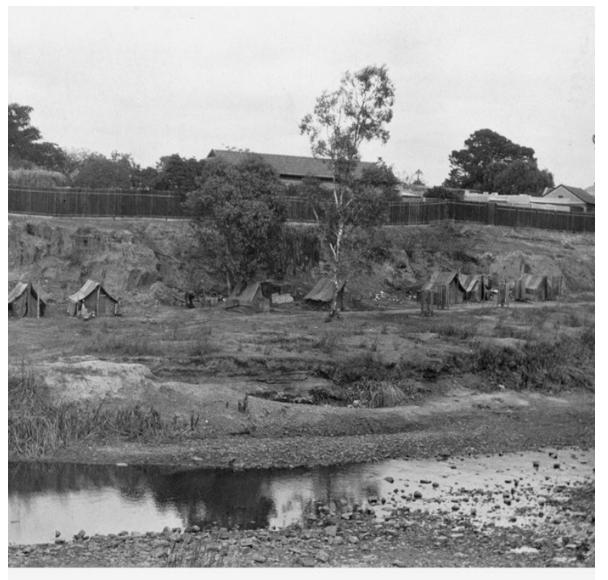
Changes at Settlement: Destruction of the Torrens Deforestation, silting up of wetlands, a "sewer" dumping ground, water carting excavation, a public bath











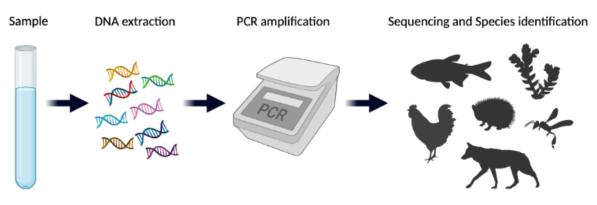
Where to next?



- 1) Improving Biodiversity esp. native fish, birds mammals and invertebrates
- 2) Improved "whole of Catchment" vision esp via partnerships
- 3) Peroxide trials
- 4) Electro fishing for carp
- 5) Continued work on Urban runoff via WSUD & other onsite practices
- 6) Protect the Gulf from Run-off
- 7) Community engagement and recognition

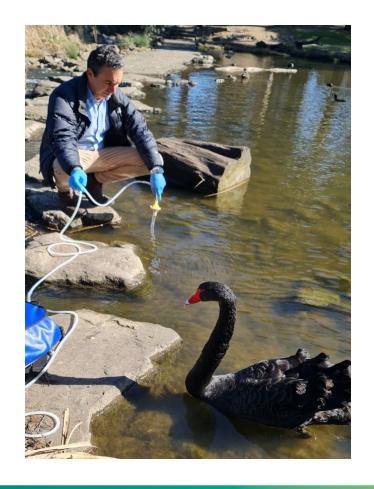


eDNA to Track Platypus, and determine whether there are any out there already



























AN SA News and Photos

Duckweed turns section of River Torrens into a sea of green during Adelaide's peak festival season by: CITY EDITOR ANTHONY TEMPLETON

From: The Advertiser February 18, 2015 2:27PM





Expectations....



Reality....





